

# Fairfield College Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense

For the year ended 31 December 2022

		2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Notes	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Revenue	W-1000-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-0			
Government Grants	2	10,393,108	8,761,161	9,604,253
Locally Raised Funds	3	353,063	321,862	328,787
Interest Income		12,030	580	727
Gain on Sale of Property, Plant and Equipment		-	-	363
		10,758,201	9,083,603	9,934,130
Expenses				
Locally Raised Funds	3	108,206	76,736	92,764
Learning Resources	4	6,837,284	5,974,763	6,522,469
Administration	5	1,573,453	569,297	1,170,017
Finance		13,533	164	7,390
Property	6	2,241,081	2,618,691	2,127,933
Loss on Disposal of Property, Plant and Equipment	10	-	-	6,967
	-	10,773,557	9,239,651	9,927,540
Net Surplus / (Deficit) for the year		(15,356)	(156,048)	6,590
Other Comprehensive Revenue and Expense		-	-	-
Total Comprehensive Revenue and Expense for the Year	-	(15,356)	(156,048)	6,590

The above Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.





# Fairfield College Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity

For the year ended 31 December 2022

		2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Notes	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Equity at 1 January		1,066,561	1,059,971	1,059,971
Total comprehensive revenue and expense for the year Contributions from the Ministry of Education		(15,356)	(156,048)	6,590
Equity at 31 December		1,051,205	903,923	1,066,561
Accumulated comprehensive revenue and expense		1,051,205	903,923	1,066,561
Equity at 31 December		1,051,205	903,923	1,066,561

The above Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.





# Fairfield College Statement of Financial Position

As at 31 December 2022

		2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Notes	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Current Assets				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	7	409,403	363,401	752,577
Accounts Receivable	8	491,175	393,150	622,805
GST Receivable		40,198	38,481	-
Prepayments		10,502	5,425	5,489
Investments	9	550,000	-	-
Funds Receivable for Capital Works Projects	16	19,329	-	42,568
	-	1,520,607	800,457	1,423,439
Current Liabilities				
GST Payable		_	_	9,470
Accounts Payable	11	569,192	542,787	518,321
Revenue Received in Advance	12	185,819	50,784	52,518
Provision for Cyclical Maintenance	13	395,124	21,221	351,740
Finance Lease Liability	14	75,533	80,172	82,928
Funds held in Trust	15	160,143	50,756	53,803
Funds held for Capital Works Projects	16	82,883	-	272,161
	-	1,468,694	745,720	1,340,941
Working Capital Surplus/(Deficit)		51,913	54,737	82,498
Non-current Assets				
Property, Plant and Equipment	10	1,238,799	1,000,412	1,247,099
	-	1,238,799	1,000,412	1,247,099
Non-current Liabilities				
Provision for Cyclical Maintenance	13	160,560	-	168,220
Finance Lease Liability	14	71,947	144,226	87,816
Tennie Memorial		7,000	7,000	7,000
	-	239,507	151,226	263,036
Net Assets	-	1,051,205	903,923	1,066,561
Equity	_	1,051,205	903,923	1,066,561

The above Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.





# Fairfield College Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended 31 December 2022

		2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Note	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Cash flows from Operating Activities				
Government Grants		2,695,653	2,368,369	2,580,638
Locally Raised Funds		740,948	321,862	308,134
Goods and Services Tax (net)		(49,668)	-	47,951
Payments to Employees		(1,781,464)	(1,442,868)	(1,501,087)
Payments to Suppliers		(1,164,580)	(1,699,301)	(1,173,992)
Interest Paid		(13,533)	(164)	(7,400)
Interest Received		4,300	580	727
Net cash from/(to) Operating Activities		431,656	(451,522)	254,971
Cash flows from Investing Activities				
Purchase of Property Plant & Equipment (and Intangibles)		(139,065)	(88,151)	(192,341)
Purchase of Investments		(550,000)	-	-
Net cash from/(to) Investing Activities		(689,065)	(88,151)	(192,341)
Cash flows from Financing Activities				
Finance Lease Payments		(26,066)	(92,705)	(71,379)
Loans Received		-	-	(5,498)
Funds Administered on Behalf of Third Parties		(59,699)	-	(228,955)
Net cash from/(to) Financing Activities	-	(85,765)	(92,705)	(305,832)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(343,174)	(632,378)	(243,202)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	7	752,577	995,779	995,779
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	7	409,403	363,401	752,577

The Statement of Cash Flows records only those cash flows directly within the control of the School. This means centrally funded teachers' salaries and the use of land and buildings grant and expense have been excluded.

The above Statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.





# Fairfield College Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2022

#### 1. Statement of Accounting Policies

#### a) Reporting Entity

Fairfield College (the School) is a Crown entity as specified in the Crown Entities Act 2004 and a school as described in the Education and Training Act 2020. The Board is of the view that the School is a public benefit entity for financial reporting purposes.

# b) Basis of Preparation

### Reporting Period

The financial statements have been prepared for the period 1 January 2022 to 31 December 2022 and in accordance with the requirements of the Education and Training Act 2020.

#### Basis of Preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, and the accounting policies have been consistently applied throughout the period.

# Financial Reporting Standards Applied

The Education and Training Act 2020 requires the School, as a Crown entity, to prepare financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand, applying Public Sector Public Benefit Entity (PBE) Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime as appropriate to public benefit entities that qualify for Tier 2 reporting. The school is considered a Public Benefit Entity as it meets the criteria specified as 'having a primary objective to provide goods and/or services for community or social benefit and where any equity has been provided with a view to supporting that primary objective rather than for financial return to equity holders'.

### PBE Accounting Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime

The School qualifies for Tier 2 as the school is not publicly accountable and is not considered large as it falls below the expense threshold of \$30 million per year. All relevant reduced disclosure concessions have been taken.

#### Measurement Base

The financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis unless otherwise noted in a specific accounting policy.

#### Presentation Currency

These financial statements are presented in New Zealand dollars, rounded to the nearest dollar.

### Specific Accounting Policies

The accounting policies used in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below.

#### Critical Accounting Estimates And Assumptions

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

#### Cyclical maintenance

A school recognises its obligation to maintain the Ministry's buildings in a good state of repair as a provision for cyclical maintenance. This provision relates mainly to the painting of the school buildings. The estimate is based on the school's best estimate of the cost of painting the school and when the school is required to be painted, based on an assessment of the school's condition. During the year, the Board assesses the reasonableness of its painting maintenance plan on which the provision is based. Cyclical maintenance is disclosed at note 13.





# Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

The School reviews the estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment at the end of each reporting date. The School believes that the estimated useful lives of the property, plant and equipment as disclosed in the significant accounting policies are appropriate to the nature of the property, plant and equipment at reporting date. Property, plant and equipment is disclosed at note 10.

#### Critical Judgements in applying accounting policies

Management has exercised the following critical judgements in applying accounting policies:

#### Classification of leases

Determining whether a lease is a finance lease or an operating lease requires judgement as to whether the lease transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the school. A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset to the lessee. In contrast, an operating lease is a lease that does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset to the lessee. Judgement is required on various aspects that include, but are not limited to, the fair value of the leased asset, the economic life of the leased asset, whether or not to include renewal options in the lease term, and determining an appropriate discount rate to calculate the present value of the minimum lease payments. Classification as a finance lease means the asset is recognised in the statement of financial position as property, plant, and equipment, whereas for an operating lease no such asset is recognised. Finance lease liability disclosures are contained in note 14. Future operating lease commitments are disclosed in note 21b.

#### Recognition of grants

The School reviews the grants monies received at the end of each reporting period and whether any require a provision to carry forward amounts unspent. The School believes all grants received have been appropriately recognised as a liability if required. Government grants are disclosed at note 2.

#### c) Revenue Recognition

#### Government Grants

The school receives funding from the Ministry of Education. The following are the main types of funding that the School receives.

Operational grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding, which is in the year that the funding is received.

Teachers salaries grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding in the salary period they relate to. The grants are not received in cash by the School and are paid directly to teachers by the Ministry of Education.

Other Ministry Grants for directly funded programs are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding in the period they relate to. The grants are not received in cash by the School and are paid directly by the Ministry of Education.

The property from which the School operates is owned by the Crown and managed by the Ministry of Education on behalf of the Crown. Grants for the use of land and buildings are not received in cash by the School as they equate to the deemed expense for using the land and buildings which are owned by the Crown. The School's use of the land and buildings as occupant is based on a property occupancy document as gazetted by the Ministry. The expense is based on an assumed market rental yield on the value of land and buildings as used for rating purposes.

This is a non-cash revenue that is offset by a non-cash expense. The use of land and buildings grants and associated expenditure are recorded in the period the School uses the land and buildings.

#### Other Grants where conditions exist

Other grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding, unless there are unfulfilled conditions attached to the grant, in which case the amount relating to the unfulfilled conditions is recognised as a liability and released to revenue as the conditions are fulfilled.

### Donations, Gifts and Bequests

Donations, gifts and bequests are recognised as an asset and revenue when the right to receive funding or the asset has been established unless there is an obligation to return funds if conditions are not met. If conditions are not met funding is recognised as revenue in advance and recognised as revenue when conditions are satisfied.



#### Interest Revenue

Interest Revenue earned on cash and cash equivalents and investments is recorded as revenue in the period it is earned.

#### d) Operating Lease Payments

Payments made under operating leases are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense on a straight line basis over the term of the lease.

#### e) Finance Lease Payments

Finance lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction of the outstanding liability. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease term on an effective interest basis.

#### f) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, bank balances, deposits held at call with banks, and other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of 90 days or less, and bank overdrafts. The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents represent fair value.

#### g) Accounts Receivable

Short-term receivables are recorded at the amount due, less an allowance for expected credit losses (uncollectable debts). The schools receivables are largely made up of funding from the Ministry of Education, therefore the level of uncollectable debts is not considered to be material. However, short-term receivables are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery.

#### h) Inventories

Inventories are consumable items held for sale and comprised of stationery and school uniforms. They are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on a first in, first out basis. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of activities less the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. Any write down from cost to net realisable value is recorded as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense in the period of the write down.

#### i) Investments

Bank term deposits are initially measured at the amount invested. Interest is subsequently accrued and added to the investment balance. A loss allowance for expected credit losses is recognised if the estimated loss allowance is not trivial.

#### j) Property, Plant and Equipment

Land and buildings owned by the Crown are excluded from these financial statements. The Board's use of the land and buildings as 'occupant' is based on a property occupancy document.

Improvements (funded by the Board) to buildings owned by the Crown or directly by the board are recorded at cost, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Property, plant and equipment are recorded at cost or, in the case of donated assets, fair value at the date of receipt, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost or fair value as the case may be, includes those costs that relate directly to bringing the asset to the location where it will be used and making sure it is in the appropriate condition for its intended use.

Gains and losses on disposals (i.e. sold or given away) are determined by comparing the proceeds received with the carrying amounts (i.e. the book value). The gain or loss arising from the disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

#### Finance Leases

A finance lease transfers to the lessee substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset, whether or not title is eventually transferred. At the start of the lease term, finance leases are recognised as assets and liabilities in the Statement of Financial Position at the lower of the fair value of the leased asset or the present value of the minimum lease payments. The finance charge is charged to the surplus or deficit over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. The amount recognised as an asset is depreciated over its useful life. If there is no reasonable certainty whether the school will obtain ownership at the end of the lease term, the asset is fully depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and its useful life.





#### Depreciation

Property, plant and equipment except for library resources are depreciated over their estimated useful lives on a straight line basis. Library resources are depreciated on a diminishing value basis. Depreciation of all assets is reported in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

The estimated useful lives of the assets are:

Building Improvements 40 years
Furniture and Equipment 2-10 years
Information and Communication Technology 3-5 years
Motor Vehicles 5 years
Textbooks 4 years
Library Resources 12.5% DV
Leased assets held under a Finance Lease Term of Lease

## k) Intangible Assets

Software costs

Computer software acquired by the School are capitalised on the basis of the costs incurred to acquire and bring to use the specific software. Costs associated with subsequent maintenance and research expenditure are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense when incurred.

The carrying value of software is amortised on a straight line basis over its useful life. The useful life of software is estimated as three years. The amortisation charge for each period and any impairment loss is recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

#### I) Impairment of property, plant, and equipment and intangible assets

The school does not hold any cash generating assets. Assets are considered cash generating where their primary objective is to generate a commercial return.

#### Non cash generating assets

Property, plant, and equipment and intangible assets held at cost that have a finite useful life are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. If such indication exists, the School estimates the asset's recoverable service amount. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable service amount. The recoverable service amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use.

Value in use is determined using an approach based on either a depreciated replacement cost approach, restoration cost approach, or a service units approach. The most appropriate approach used to measure value in use depends on the nature of the impairment and availability of information.

In determining fair value less costs to sell the school engages an independent valuer to assess market value based on the best available information. The valuation is based on a comparison to recent market transactions.

If an asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable service amount, the asset is regarded as impaired and the carrying amount is written down to the recoverable amount. The total impairment loss is recognised in the surplus or deficit.

The reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in the surplus or deficit. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable service amount since the last impairment loss was recognised.

#### m) Accounts Payable

Accounts Payable represents liabilities for goods and services provided to the School prior to the end of the financial year which are unpaid. Accounts Payable are recorded at the amount of cash required to settle those liabilities. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.





#### n) Employee Entitlements

Short-term employee entitlements

Employee entitlements that are expected to be settled within 12 months after the end of the reporting period in which the employees provide the related service are measured based on accrued entitlements at current rates of pay. These include salaries and wages accrued up to balance date, annual leave earned, by non teaching staff, to but not yet taken at balance date.

#### Long-term employee entitlements

Employee benefits that are not expected to be settled wholly before 12 months after the end of the reporting period in which the employee provides the related service, such as retirement and long service leave, have been calculated on an actuarial basis.

The calculations are based on the likely future entitlements accruing to employees, based on years of service, years to entitlement, the likelihood that employees will reach the point of entitlement, and contractual entitlement information, and the present value of the estimated future cash flows. Remeasurements are recognised in surplus or deficit in the period in which they arise.

#### o) Revenue Received in Advance

Revenue received in advance relates to fees received from students and grants received where there are unfulfilled obligations for the School to provide services in the future. The fees are recorded as revenue as the obligations are fulfilled and the fees earned.

The School holds sufficient funds to enable the refund of unearned fees in relation to students, should the School be unable to provide the services to which they relate.

# p) Funds Held in Trust

Funds are held in trust where they have been received by the School for a specified purpose, or are being held on behalf of a third party and these transactions are not recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

The School holds sufficient funds to enable the funds to be used for their intended purpose at any time.

#### g) Funds held for Capital works

The school directly receives funding from the Ministry of Education for capital works projects that are included in the School five year capital works agreement. These funds are held on behalf and for a specified purpose as such these transactions are not recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

The School holds sufficient funds to enable the funds to be used for their intended purpose at any time.

#### r) Shared Funds

Shared Funds are held on behalf of a cluster of participating schools as agreed with the Ministry of Education. In instances where funds are outside of the School's control, these amounts are not recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense. In instances where the school is determined to be the principal for providing the service related to the Shared Funds (such as the RTLB programme), all income and expenditure related to the provision of the service is recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense. The School holds sufficient funds to enable the funds to be used for their intended purpose.



#### s) Provision for Cyclical Maintenance

The property from which the School operates is owned by the Crown, and is vested in the Ministry. The Ministry has gazetted a property occupancy document that sets out the Board's property maintenance responsibilities. The Board is responsible for maintaining the land, buildings and other facilities on the School site in a state of good order and repair.

Cyclical maintenance, which involves painting the interior and exterior of the School, makes up the most significant part of the Board's responsibilities outside day-to-day maintenance. The provision is a reasonable estimate, based on the school's best estimate of the cost of painting the school and when the school is required to be painted, based on an assessment of the school's condition.

The schools carries out painting maintenance of the whole school over a 7 to 10 year period, the economic outflow of this is dependent on the plan established by the school to meet this obligation and is detailed in the notes and disclosures of these accounts.

#### t) Financial Instruments

The School's financial assets comprise cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, and investments. All of these financial assets, except for investments that are shares, are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

Investments that are shares are categorised as 'financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive revenue and expense' for accounting purposes in accordance with financial reporting standards. On initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held for trading, the School may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in the investment's fair value in other comprehensive revenue and expense. This election has been made for investments that are shares. Subsequent to initial recognition, these assets are measured at fair value. Dividends are recognised as income in surplus or deficit unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Other net gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive revenue and expense and are never reclassified to surplus or deficit.

The School's financial liabilities comprise accounts payable, borrowings, finance lease liability, and painting contract liability. Financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and any gain or loss on derecognition are recognised in surplus or deficit.

#### u) Borrowings

Borrowings on normal commercial terms are initially recognised at the amount borrowed plus transaction costs. Interest due on the borrowings is subsequently accrued and added to the borrowings balance. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the school has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after balance date.

#### v) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

The financial statements have been prepared on a GST exclusive basis, with the exception of accounts receivable and accounts payable which are stated as GST inclusive.

The net amount of GST paid to, or received from, the IRD, including the GST relating to investing and financing activities, is classified as a net operating cash flow in the statements of cash flows.

Commitments and contingencies are disclosed exclusive of GST.

#### w) Budget Figures

The budget figures are extracted from the School budget that was approved by the Board.

#### x) Services received in-kind

From time to time the School receives services in-kind, including the time of volunteers. The School has elected not to recognise services received in kind in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.





2021

2022

2022

2.	Governmen	t Grants

2. Government Grants	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Government Grants - Ministry of Education	3,583,143	2,248,713	3,207,039
Teachers' Salaries Grants	5,023,352	4,336,886	4,736,866
Use of Land and Buildings Grants	1,645,467	2,040,240	1,517,525
Other Government Grants	141,146	135,322	142,823
	10,393,108	8,761,161	9,604,253

The school has opted in to the donations scheme for this year. Total amount received was \$109,200.

Local funds raised within the School's community are made up of:

# 3. Locally Raised Funds

	Budget		
Act	ual	(Unaudited)	Actual
\$		\$	\$
5	6,647	106,162	1,416
4	7,643	59,666	58,778
2	9,015	39,018	35,046
6	7,487	66,677	63,993
	\$ 50 4 20	Actual \$ 56,647 47,643 29,015 67,487	\$ \$ 56,647 106,162 47,643 59,666 29,015 39,018

	353.063	321.862	328,787
Other Revenue	152,271	50,339	169,554
Fundraising & Community Grants	67,487	66,677	63,993
Trading	29,015	39,018	35,046

Expenses			
Extra Curricular Activities Costs	68,367	51,163	50,207
Trading	5,991	4,921	4,712
Fundraising & Community Grant Costs	33,848	20,652	37,845
	108,206	76,736	92,764

Surplus for the year Locally raised funds	244,857	245,126	236,023

# 4. Learning Resources

	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Curricular	350,552	402,981	348,060
Library Resources	-	1,300	-
Employee Benefits - Salaries	6,233,191	5,304,811	5,919,884
Staff Development	18,112	26,805	21,772
Depreciation	216,945	213,396	214,592
Information & Communication Technology	16,402	22,861	17,277
Extra Curricular Activities	2,082	2,609	884
	6,837,284	5,974,763	6,522,469



#### 5. Administration

	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Audit Fee	12,265	10,754	9,543
Board Fees	4,860	4,005	3,940
Board Expenses	5,657	634	1,672
Communication	18,070	16,689	16,337
Consumables	59,363	58,956	56,749
Other	75,911	89,070	69,820
Employee Benefits - Salaries	473,919	367,822	358,096
Insurance	23,645	18,867	17,623
Service Providers, Contractors and Consultancy	4,500	2,500	5,000
Healthy School Lunch Programme	895,263	-	631,237
	1,573,453	569,297	1,170,017

#### 6. Property

o. Property	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Caretaking and Cleaning Consumables	12,760	13,784	15,045
Cyclical Maintenance Provision	37,224	65,568	37,318
Grounds	60,884	53,448	58,855
Heat, Light and Water	150,510	99,923	97,971
Rates	19,774	16,673	17,103
Repairs and Maintenance	54,100	82,592	74,903
Use of Land and Buildings	1,645,467	2,040,240	1,517,525
Security	18,695	19,342	20,483
Employee Benefits - Salaries	111,094	107,121	114,037
Consultancy & Contract Services	130,573	120,000	174,693
		2.010.001	0.407.000
	2,241,081	2,618,691	2,127,933

The use of land and buildings figure represents 5% of the school's total property value. Property values are established as part of the nation-wide revaluation exercise that is conducted every 30 June for the Ministry of Education's year-end reporting purposes.

#### 7. Cash and Cash Equivalents

7. Cash and Cash Equivalents	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Bank Accounts	409,403	363,401	752,577
Cash and cash equivalents for Statement of Cash Flows	409,403	363,401	752,577

The carrying value of short-term deposits with original maturity dates of 90 days or less approximates their fair value.





8. Accounts Receivable			
	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Receivables	50,958	32,252	20,141
Receivables from the Ministry of Education	<u>u</u>	=	197,155
Banking Staffing Underuse	-	6,049	-
Interest Receivable	7,730	-	-
Teacher Salaries Grant Receivable	432,487	354,849	405,509
	491,175	393,150	622,805
			,
Receivables from Exchange Transactions	58,688	32,252	20,141
Receivables from Non-Exchange Transactions	432,487	360,898	602,664
	491,175	393,150	622,805
9. Investments			
The School's investment activities are classified as follows:			
	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Current Asset	Ψ	*	*
Short-term Bank Deposits	550,000	-	-
Total Investments	550,000		



# 10. Property, Plant and Equipment

	Opening Balance (NBV)	Additions	Disposals	Impairment	Depreciation	Total (NBV)
2022	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Building Improvements	781,644	14,777	-		(42,804)	753,618
Furniture and Equipment	173,415	43,508	_	×-	(37,283)	171,239
Information and Communication Technology	74,552	73,927	-	7-	(32,995)	116,429
Motor Vehicles	35,104	-	-	-	(7,656)	34,905
Textbooks	6,777	2,326	-		(3,364)	5,739
Leased Assets	153,973	69,581	-		(89,506)	134,045
Library Resources	21,634	4,526	-	-	(3,337)	22,824
Balance at 31 December 2022	1,247,099	208,645	_	-	(216,945)	1,238,799

The net carrying value of equipment held under a finance lease is \$134,045 (2021: \$153,973) Restrictions

There are no restrictions over the title of the school's property, plant and equipment, nor are any property, plant and equipment pledged as security for liabilities.

	2022	2022	2022	2021	2021	2021
	Cost or Valuation	Accumulated Depreciation	Net Book Value	Cost or Valuation	Accumulated Depreciation	Net Book Value
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Building Improvements	1,723,280	(969,662)	753,618	1,708,502	(926,858)	781,644
Furniture and Equipment	460,654	(289,415)	171,239	426,974	(253,559)	173,415
Information and Communication Technology	491,079	(374,650)	116,429	416,069	(341,517)	74,552
Motor Vehicles	53,236	(18,331)	34,905	44,491	(9,387)	35,104
Textbooks	19,931	(14,192)	5,739	17,606	(10,829)	6,777
Leased Assets	343,699	(209,654)	134,045	274,118	(120, 145)	153,973
Library Resources	124,455	(101,631)	22,824	119,929	(98,295)	21,634
Balance at 31 December	3,216,334	(1,977,535)	1,238,799	3,007,689	(1,760,590)	1,247,099



11. Accounts Payable			
	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Creditors	66,759	152,189	54,006
Accruals	8,739	9,237	10,962
Employee Entitlements - Salaries	432,487	354,849	405,509
Employee Entitlements - Leave Accrual	61,207	26,512	47,844
	569,192	542,787	518,321
Payables for Exchange Transactions	569,192	542,787	518,321
Payables for Non-exchange Transactions - Taxes Payable (PAYE and Rates)	=	-	-
Payables for Non-exchange Transactions - Other	-	-	-
	569,192	542,787	518,321
The carrying value of payables approximates their fair value.			
12. Revenue Received in Advance			
	2022	2022 Budget	2021
		Duuget	
	Actual		Actual
	Actual \$	(Unaudited)	Actual \$
Revenue in Advance		(Unaudited)	
Revenue in Advance Revenue Received In Advance	\$	(Unaudited)	
	<b>\$</b> 112,347	(Unaudited) \$ -	\$
	\$ 112,347 73,472	(Unaudited) \$ - 50,784	\$ - 52,518
	\$ 112,347 73,472 185,819	(Unaudited) \$ - 50,784 50,784	\$ 52,518 52,518
Revenue Received In Advance	\$ 112,347 73,472	(Unaudited) \$ - 50,784	\$ - 52,518
Revenue Received In Advance	\$ 112,347 73,472 185,819	(Unaudited) \$ - 50,784 50,784	\$ 52,518 52,518
Revenue Received In Advance	\$ 112,347 73,472  185,819  2022  Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$ - 50,784 50,784 2022 Budget (Unaudited) \$	\$ - 52,518 52,518 2021 Actual \$
13. Provision for Cyclical Maintenance  Provision at the Start of the Year	\$ 112,347 73,472  185,819  2022  Actual \$ 519,960	(Unaudited) \$ - 50,784 50,784 2022 Budget (Unaudited) \$ (44,347)	\$ 52,518  52,518  2021  Actual \$ 482,642
13. Provision for Cyclical Maintenance  Provision at the Start of the Year Increase to the Provision During the Year	\$ 112,347 73,472  185,819  2022  Actual \$ 519,960 74,805	(Unaudited) \$ - 50,784 50,784 2022 Budget (Unaudited) \$	\$ 52,518  52,518  2021  Actual \$ 482,642 80,389
13. Provision for Cyclical Maintenance  Provision at the Start of the Year	\$ 112,347 73,472  185,819  2022  Actual \$ 519,960	(Unaudited) \$ - 50,784 50,784 2022 Budget (Unaudited) \$ (44,347)	\$ 52,518  52,518  2021  Actual \$ 482,642
13. Provision for Cyclical Maintenance  Provision at the Start of the Year Increase to the Provision During the Year	\$ 112,347 73,472  185,819  2022  Actual \$ 519,960 74,805	(Unaudited) \$ - 50,784 50,784 2022 Budget (Unaudited) \$ (44,347)	\$ 52,518  52,518  2021  Actual \$ 482,642 80,389
13. Provision for Cyclical Maintenance  Provision at the Start of the Year Increase to the Provision During the Year Other Adjustments  Provision at the End of the Year	\$ 112,347 73,472  185,819  2022  Actual \$ 519,960 74,805 (39,081)  555,684	(Unaudited) \$ - 50,784  50,784  2022 Budget (Unaudited) \$ (44,347) 65,568 - 21,221	\$ 52,518  52,518  2021  Actual \$ 482,642 80,389 (43,071)  519,960
13. Provision for Cyclical Maintenance  Provision at the Start of the Year Increase to the Provision During the Year Other Adjustments  Provision at the End of the Year  Cyclical Maintenance - Current	\$ 112,347 73,472  185,819  2022  Actual \$ 519,960 74,805 (39,081)  555,684	(Unaudited) \$ - 50,784  50,784  2022 Budget (Unaudited) \$ (44,347) 65,568 -	\$ 52,518  52,518  2021  Actual \$ 482,642 80,389 (43,071)  519,960  351,740
13. Provision for Cyclical Maintenance  Provision at the Start of the Year Increase to the Provision During the Year Other Adjustments  Provision at the End of the Year	\$ 112,347 73,472  185,819  2022  Actual \$ 519,960 74,805 (39,081)  555,684	(Unaudited) \$ - 50,784  50,784  2022 Budget (Unaudited) \$ (44,347) 65,568 - 21,221	\$ 52,518  52,518  2021  Actual \$ 482,642 80,389 (43,071)  519,960

Per the cyclical maintenance schedule the school is next expected to undertake painting works during 2023. This plan is based on the schools 10 Year Property plan / painting quotes.





# 14. Finance Lease Liability

The School has entered into a number of finance lease agreements for computers and other ICT equipment. Minimum lease payments payable:

	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
No Later than One Year	88,081	80,172	90,055
Later than One Year and no Later than Five Years	80,927	144,226	98,711
Future Finance Charges	(21,528)	-	(18,022)
-	147,480	224,398	170,744
=	147,400	224,390	170,744
Represented by			
Finance lease liability - Current	75,533	80,172	82,928
Finance lease liability - Non current	71,947	144,226	87,816
	147,480	224,398	170,744
=			
15. Funds held in Trust			
	2022	2022	2021
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
Funds Held in Trust on Behalf of Third Parties - Current	<b>\$</b> 160,143	<b>\$</b> 50,756	\$ 53,803
Funds Held in Trust on Behalf of Third Parties - Current  Funds Held in Trust on Behalf of Third Parties - Non-current	100,143	50,756	55,605
Tunus Field III Trust on Denail of Tillia Faitles - Noil-Current	-	-	_
-	160,143	50,756	53,803
=			

These funds relate to arrangements where the school is acting as an agent. These amounts are not revenue or expenditure of the school and therefore are not included in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.



# 16. Funds Held (Owed) for Capital Works Projects

During the year the School received and applied funding from the Ministry of Education for the following capital works projects. The amount of cash held on behalf of the Ministry for capital works projects is included under cash and cash equivalents in note 7.

2	2022	Project No.	Opening Balances \$	Receipts from MoE \$	Payments \$	Board Contributions	Closing Balances \$
D/M: Roof Repair, Internal Refurb		208875	70,847	-	-	_	70,847
A: Low Level Roof Replacement		225863	(1,254)	1,254		-	-
SIP: Astroturf		224104	(26,483)	26,483	-	=	-
5YA: Toilets Refurbishing			(5,141)	-	-	-	(5,141)
E: Reroof of Rooms 4&5		225862	16	-	-	<u> </u>	16
AMS: LED Lighting		230897	(4,582)	4,582	-	-	-
AMS: D/E: Heat Pump Installation		230903	79,808	-	(79,808)	-	-
Learning Support Coordinators' Offices			(5,108)	H.	-	*	(5,108)
SIP Central Courts & Paved Areas		230901	121,490		(109,470)	-	12,020
5YA Roofing			=	-	(9,080)	-	(9,080)
Totals			229,593	32,319	(198,358)		63,554

Represented by:

Funds Held on Behalf of the Ministry of Education Funds Receivable from the Ministry of Education

82,883 (19,329)

			Opening	Receipts		Board	Closing
	2021	Project No.	Balances	from MoE	<b>Payments</b>	Contributions	Balances
			\$	\$	\$		\$
5YA: 2017 Rationalisation Project			490	-	(490)	-	-
5YA: 2017 C Block Refurbishment			2,320	-	(2,320)	-	-
D/M: Roof Repair, Internal Refurb		208875	70,847	-	-	-	70,847
A: Low Level Roof Replacement		225863	34,550	=	(35,804)	-	(1,254)
A: Hall Roof Replacement		227165	37,283	893	(38,176)		_
SIP: Astroturf		224104	14,322	=	(40,805)	~	(26,483)
5YA: Toilets Refurbishing			(5,141)	=	_	₩.	(5,141)
E: Reroof of Rooms 4&5		225862	65,933	26,206	(92,123)	-	16
Y: West Asphalt Replacement		225830	39,984	1,998	(41,982)	=	-
SIP: Pool & Court Fencing		225932	(1,177)	1,177	-	-	-
AMS: LED Lighting		230897	-	88,740	(93,322)	-	(4,582)
AMS: D/E: Heat Pump Installation		230903	-	79,808	-	-	79,808
Learning Support Coordinators' Offices	5			-	(5,108)	=:	(5,108)
SIP Central Courts & Paved Areas		230901	¥	216,270	(94,780)		121,490
Totals			259,411	415,092	(444,910)	=	229,593

# Represented by:

Funds Held on Behalf of the Ministry of Education Funds Receivable from the Ministry of Education

272,161 (42,568)





#### 17. Related Party Transactions

The School is a controlled entity of the Crown, and the Crown provides the major source of revenue to the school. The school enters into transactions with other entities also controlled by the Crown, such as government departments, state-owned enterprises and other Crown entities. Transactions with these entities are not disclosed as they occur on terms and conditions no more or less favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect the school would have adopted if dealing with that entity at arm's length.

Related party disclosures have not been made for transactions with related parties that are within a normal supplier or client/recipient relationship on terms and conditions no more or less favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect the school would have adopted in dealing with the party at arm's length in the same circumstances. Further, transactions with other government agencies (for example, Government departments and Crown entities) are not disclosed as related party transactions when they are consistent with the normal operating arrangements between government agencies and undertaken on the normal terms and conditions for such transactions.

#### 18. Remuneration

Key management personnel compensation

Key management personnel of the School include all Board members, Principal, Deputy Principals and Heads of Departments.

	2022 Actual \$	2021 Actual \$
Board Members		
Remuneration	4,860	3,940
Leadership Team		
Remuneration	584,670	575,950
Full-time equivalent members	4.00	4.00
Total key management personnel remuneration	589,530	579,890

There are 10 members of the Board excluding the Principal. The Board had held 11 full meetings of the Board in the year. As well as these regular meetings, including preparation time, the Presiding Member and other Board members have also been involved in ad hoc meetings to consider student welfare matters including stand downs, suspensions, and other disciplinary matters.

#### Principal 1

The total value of remuneration paid or payable to the Principal was in the following bands:

	2022	2021
	Actual	Actual
Salaries and Other Short-term Employee Benefits:	\$000	\$000
Salary and Other Payments	200 - 210	200 - 210
Benefits and Other Emoluments	6 - 7	6 - 7
Termination Benefits	-	-

#### Other Employees

The number of other employees with remuneration greater than \$100,000 was in the following bands:

Remuneration	2022	2021
\$000	FTE Number	FTE Number
100 - 110	13.00	14.00
110 - 120	1.00	1.00
120 - 130	4.00	3.00
,	18.00	18.00

The disclosure for 'Other Employees' does not include remuneration of the Principal.





#### 19. Compensation and Other Benefits Upon Leaving

The total value of compensation or other benefits paid or payable to persons who ceased to be board members, committee members, or employees during the financial year in relation to that cessation and number of persons to whom all or part of that total was payable was as follows:

	2022	2021
	Actual	Actual
Total	=	-
Number of People	-	

#### 20. Contingencies

There are no contingent liabilities and no contingent assets (except as noted below) as at 31 December 2022 (Contingent liabilities and assets at 31 December 2021: nil).

In 2022 the Ministry of Education provided additional funding for both the Support Staff in School's Collective Agreement (CA) Settlement and the Teacher Aide Pay Equity Settlement. The school is still yet to receive a final wash up that adjusts the estimated quarterly instalments for the actual teacher aides employed in 2022. The Ministry is in the Process of determining the amount of the final wash up payment for the year ended 31 December 2022. Even though the payment is probable, the amount to be received is not known with a high level of certainty. The school has therefore not recognised the expected receipt (asset) and income in its financial statements. The payment is expected to be received in July 2023

#### Holidays Act Compliance - schools payroll

The Ministry of Education performs payroll processing and payments on behalf of boards, through payroll service provider Education Payroll Limited.

The Ministry's review of the schools sector payroll to ensure compliance with the Holidays Act 2003 is ongoing. Final calculations and potential impact on any specific individual will not be known until further detailed analysis and solutions have been completed.

To the extent that any obligation cannot reasonably be quantified at 31 December 2022 a contingent liability for the school may exist.



#### 21. Commitments

#### (a) Capital Commitments

As at 31 December 2022 the Board has entered into contract agreements for capital works as follows:

\$90,000 contract for the D/M: Roof Repair, Internal Refurb as agent for the Ministry of Education. This project is fully funded by the Ministry and \$89,967 has been received of which \$19,120 has been spent on the project to balance date. This project has been approved by the Ministry; and

(Capital commitments as at 31 December 2021:

\$41,550 contract for the A: Low Level Roof Replacement as agent for the Ministry of Education. This project is fully funded by the Ministry and \$34,550 has been received of which \$35,804 has been spent on the project to balance date. This project has been approved by the Ministry; and

\$210,600 contract for the SIP: Astroturf as agent for the Ministry of Education. This project is fully funded by the Ministry and \$189,600 has been received of which \$216,083 has been spent on the project to balance date. This project has been approved by the Ministry; and

\$106,497 contract for the E: Reroof of Rooms 4&5 as agent for the Ministry of Education. This project is fully funded by the Ministry and \$106,497 has been received of which \$106,481 has been spent on the project to balance date. This project has been approved by the Ministry; and

\$98,600 contract for the AMS: LED Lighting as agent for the Ministry of Education. This project is fully funded by the Ministry and \$88,740 has been received of which \$93,322 has been spent on the project to balance date. This project has been approved by the Ministry; and

\$240,300 contract for the SIP Central Courts & Paved Areas as agent for the Ministry of Education. This project is fully funded by the Ministry and \$216,270 has been received of which \$94,780 has been spent on the project to balance date. This project has been approved by the Ministry.)

#### (b) Operating Commitments

As at 31 December 2022 the Board has entered into the following contracts:

(a) operating lease of photocopiers;

	Actual	Actual \$
No later than One Year	-	6,742
Later than One Year and No Later than Five Years	-	2,809
Later than Five Years	-	-
	-	9,551

The total lease payments incurred during the period were \$9,551 (2021: \$6,742).



2022

2021



#### 22. Financial Instruments

The carrying amount of financial assets and liabilities in each of the financial instrument categories are as follows:

Financial assets measured at amortised cost	2022	2022	2021
		Budget	
	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Cash and Cash Equivalents	409,403	363,401	752,577
Receivables	491,175	393,150	622,805
Investments - Term Deposits	550,000	-	=
Total Financial assets measured at amortised cost	1,450,578	756,551	1,375,382
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost			
Payables	569,192	542,787	518,321
Finance Leases	147,480	224,398	170,744
Total Financial Liabilities Measured at Amortised Cost	716,672	767,185	689,065

#### 23. Events After Balance Date

There were no significant events after the balance date that impact these financial statements.

### 24. Comparatives

There have been a number of prior period comparatives which have been reclassified to make disclosure consistent with the current year.